REMARKS

Claims 1-13 and 15-28 are pending in the application. Claims 1-13 and 15-28 were

rejected. Claims 1-3, 11, 15, 17, 18, 23, 24, 26, and 28 have been amended. Claim 25 has been

cancelled. Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration in light of the amendments and the

following remarks.

CLAIM REJECTIONS UNDER 35 USC §112

The Office Action rejected claims 1 and 11 under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, as

being indefinite. The antecedent basis issues in those claims have been corrected by amendment.

CLAIM REJECTIONS UNDER 35 USC §103

The Office Action has rejected claims 1-13, 15-22, and 25 under 35 USC 103(a) as

being anticipated by Keller et al. (US Publication 2003/0050849A1) in view of Jani et al. (US

Publication 2005/0049974 A1).

As to claim 1, the Office Action at page 4 concedes that Keller does not teach

"determining whether to process data in the store based on relevant store node processing

conditions wherein the store node processing conditions comprise a need for the transformed

data in the store node and an availability of processing resources." The Office Action states that

Jani teaches this element missing from Keller and that it would have been obvious to combine

the two teachings. Applicant respectfully disagrees. Jani's "intermediary" as depicted in Fig. 7a

routes payment requests to whatever worker thread is available. The only consideration in Jani

is availability. Jani does not take into account the processing condition of a need for the

transformed data. Jani's intermediary, unlike the enterprise node of the instant application, has

no knowledge whatsoever of whether any local nodes need the transformed data.

Neither Keller nor Jani, individually, or in combination, teach or suggest the claimed

element of "determining at one of the plurality of store nodes whether to process the transaction

log data in the store node based on relevant store node processing conditions, wherein the store

node processing conditions comprise a need for the transformed data in the store node." Further,

neither Keller nor Jani teach or suggest the amended claim element "wherein the enterprise node

comprises data on all of the store nodes." Therefore, claim 1 is not unpatentable over Keller in

view of Jani and its rejection should be withdrawn.

Claims 2 - 13 and 15 - 17 are dependent upon claim 1 and are allowable for at

least the same reasons that their parent claim is allowable.

Claim 18 is a system counterpart to claim 1 and contains the element of "logic for

determining a period of time when the transaction log data is to be processed, and for

determining whether to process the transaction log data in the store node based on store node

processing conditions, wherein the store node processing conditions comprise one of a need for

the transformed data in the store node." The Office Action at page 7 concedes that Keller does

not teach "and for determining whether to process the transaction log data in the store node based

on store node processing conditions, wherein the store node processing conditions comprise one

of a need for the transformed data in the first node and a demand for processing in the first node

during the period of time." The Office Action states that this missing element is taught by Jani.

However, as stated earlier with respect to claim 1, Jani does not take into consideration "a need

for the transformed data" in routing its credit card transactions. Jani determines whether to

process a payment depending on whether a worker thread is available. Claim 18 requires

processing transaction log data at the store node if there is a demand for the data at the store node

at a relevant time. Jani does not teach or suggest this limitation whether viewed alone or in

combination with Keller. Claim 18 therefore contains allowable subject matter and its rejection

should be withdrawn.

Claims 19, 20, and 21 are dependent upon system claim 18 are therefore allowable for

at least the same reasons that their parent claim is allowable.

Claim 22 is a program product counterpart of claim 1 and is therefore allowable for at

least the same reasons that its counterpart claim is allowable.

Claim 25 has been cancelled.

The Office Action rejected claims 23-24 and 26-28 under USC 102(b) as being

unpatentable over Keller et al. in view of O'Neill et al. (US Publication Number 2003/0069968

A1).

Claim 23 has been amended to incorporate the element of: "determining whether to

transform the transaction log data to transformed data based on relevant enterprise node

conditions, and based on relevant store node conditions, wherein relevant store node conditions

comprise the need for the transformed data at the store node and the availability of processing

resources to process the raw business data at the store node." The Office Action has already

conceded that this element is not taught by Keller. Applicant submits that it is not taught by

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O'Neill either. O'Neill's load balancing server does not take into consideration "a need for the

transformed data; it merely dispatches transactions based on load-balancing criteria.

Claim 24 is dependent on claim 23 and is therefore allowable for at least the same

reasons as claim 23.

Claim 25 has been cancelled.

Claims 26-28 are dependent on claim 23 and are therefore allowable for at least the

same reasons that claim 23 is allowable.

For the foregoing reasons, Applicant respectfully requests allowance of the pending

claims.

Respectfully submitted,

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